

## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE PREPARATION AND COMPANY UNDERTAKING

### 1.1 PRODUCT IDENTIFIER

Product name: High Yield Black Toner Cartridge for Dell 5130  
Part number: DELL5130B

### 1.2 IDENTIFIED USES AND USES ADVISED AGAINST

For use in: Laser Printers

### 1.3 SUPPLIER DETAILS

Supplier: Clover Imaging Group  
4200 Columbus Street  
Ottawa, IL 61350  
United States  
Phone number: 815-431-8100  
Fax: 815-461-8583  
Contact Hours: 08:00AM-05:00PM CST

### 1.4 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Supplier: 815-431-8100

\* This document provides safety-related information about ink/toner, in various forms, for use in copiers/printers etc.

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1 INFORMATION and CLASSIFICATION

Overview: GHS: Not classified as hazardous. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200: Not classified as hazardous in accordance with Appendix A (Health Hazard Criteria) or B (Physical Hazard Criteria) to the Standard. This mixture may be landfilled or incinerated in compliance with all Federal/state/local provisions. Do not dump this product into sewers, on the ground, or into any body of water.

### 2.2 LABEL ELEMENTS

Applicable Pictograms:



Danger Indications: GHS: None required. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 (Appendix C.4.30): "Combustible Dust - Warning - May form combustible dust concentrations in air." "Keep away from all ignition sources including heat, sparks and flame. Keep container closed. Prevent dust accumulations to minimize explosion hazard." These label elements are not required if this mixture (toner) is in cartridges or sealed bottle. Physical hazards: This mixture, like most organic powders, can cause a dust explosion if particles form thick clouds. This mixture complies with the requirements of the RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU and its amendment directives.

Risk Phrases: N/A

Safety Phrases: N/A

### 2.3 OTHER HAZARDS

PBT or vPvB: N/A

### 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients	CAS number	Weight %	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	Other
Styrene acrylate copolymer	Trade Secret	70-90			
Wax	Trade Secret	5-15			
Carbon Black	1333-86-9	3-10	3.5 mg/m3	Inhalable 3 mg/m3	
Amorphous silica	7631-86-9	<5	20 mppcf TWA; ((80)/(%) SiO2) mg/m3 TWA)		
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	<1	Total dust 15mg/m3	10mg/m3	

The Full Text for all R-Phrases are Displayed in Section 16

#### COMPOSITION COMMENTS

The Data Shown is in accordance with the latest Directives.

This section provides composition information for the specified substance/mixture.

### 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

#### 4.1 FIRST AID MEASURES

##### 4.1.1 FIRST AID INSTRUCTIONS BY RELEVANT ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Inhalation:	Provide fresh air immediately. If symptoms occur, seek medical advice.
Eye contact:	Do not rub eyes. Immediately rinse with plenty of clean running water until particles are washed out. If irritation persists, seek medical advice.
Skin contact:	Wash out particles with plenty of water and soap. If irritation develops, seek medical advice.
Ingestion:	Clean mouth out with water. Drink several glasses of water. If sickness develops, seek medical advice.

##### 4.1.2 ADDITIONAL FIRST AID INFORMATION

Additional first aid information:	N/A
Immediate Medical Attention Required:	Immediate medical attention may be required in the unlikely event of extreme inhalation, eye contact or unusual reaction due to physical idiosyncrasy of the person.

#### 4.2 SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS

Acute Symptoms from Exposure:	Eye contact: Irritation may occur by mechanical abrasion. Skin contact: Minimal skin irritation may occur. Inhalation: Slight irritation of respiratory tract may occur with exposure to large amount of toner dust. Ingestion: Ingestion is an unlikely route of entry under normal conditions of use.
Delayed Symptoms from Exposure:	N/A

#### 4.3 IMMEDIATE SPECIAL TREATMENT OR EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

N/A

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

### 5.1 EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Recommended Extinguishing Media: Water, foam, dry chemical  
Extinguishing Media Not to be Used: None known.

### 5.2 SPECIAL HAZARD

Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazards: Toner, like most organic powders, is capable of creating a dust explosion when particles form thick clouds in the presence of an ignition source. Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide are hazardous resulting gases.  
Extinguishing Media Not to be Used: N/A

### 5.3 ADVICE FOR FIRE FIGHTERS

Avoid inhalation of smoke. Wear protective clothing and wear self-contained breathing apparatus

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1 PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

#### 6.1.1 PRECAUTIONS FOR NON-EMERGENCY PERSONNEL

Gloves are recommended. Protective goggles or safety glasses are recommended. Personal respiratory mask is not required under normal conditions of the intended use, but a respirator is needed in case of dust formation.

#### 6.1.2 ADDITIONAL FIRST AID INFORMATION

N/A

#### 6.1.3 PERSONAL PROTECTION

Wear personal protective equipment as described in Section 8.

### 6.2 ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Regulatory Information: Keep product out of sewers and watercourses.

### 6.3 METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANUP

Spill or Leak Cleanup Procedures: Eliminate sources of ignition including sparks and flammables. Nonsparking tools should be used. Shelter the released material (powder) from wind to avoid dust formation and scattering. Vacuum or sweep the material into a sealed container. If a vacuum cleaner is used, it must be dust explosion-proof. Dispose of the material in accordance with Federal/state/local requirements.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1 PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING

Recommendations for Handling: No special precautions when used as intended. Keep containers closed. If toner, avoid creating dust. Keep away from ignition sources.

Advice on General Hygiene: Never eat, drink or smoke in work areas. Practice good personal hygiene after using this material, especially before eating, drinking, smoking, using the restroom, or applying cosmetics.

### 7.2 CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE

Avoid high temperatures, >100°F/32°C

### 7.3 SPECIFIC END USES

Printing devices

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 CONTROL PARAMETERS

The best protection is to enclose operations and/or provide local exhaust ventilation at the site of chemical release in order to maintain airborne concentrations of the product below OSHA PELs (See Section 3). Local exhaust ventilation is preferred because it prevents contaminant dispersion into the work area by controlling it at its source.

### 8.2 EXPOSURE CONTROLS

#### Respiratory protection:

IMPROPER USE OF RESPIRATORS IS DANGEROUS. Seek professional advice prior to respirator selection and use. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134 and 1910.137) and, if necessary, wear a NIOSH approved respirator. Select respirator based on its suitability to provide adequate worker protection for given work conditions, levels of airborne contamination, and sufficient levels of oxygen.

#### Eye/Face Protection:

Contact lenses are not eye protective devices. Appropriate eye protection must be worn instead of, or in conjunction with contact lenses.

#### Hand/Skin Protection:

For emergency or non-routine operations (cleaning spills, reactor vessels, or storage tanks), wear an SCBA. WARNING! Air purifying respirators do not protect worker in oxygen deficient atmospheres.

#### Additional Protection:

N/A

#### Protective Clothing and Equipment:

Wear chemically protective gloves, boots, aprons, and gauntlets to prevent prolonged or repeated skin contact. Wear splash-proof chemical goggles and face shield when working with liquid, unless full face piece respiratory protection is worn.

#### Safety Stations:

Make emergency eyewash stations, safety/quick-drench showers, and washing facilities available in work area.

#### Contaminated Equipment:

Separate contaminated work clothes from street clothes. Launder before reuse. Remove material from your shoes and clean personal protective equipment. Never take home contaminated clothing.

#### Comments:

Never eat, drink or smoke in work areas. Practice good personal hygiene after using this material, especially before eating, drinking, smoking, using the restroom, or applying cosmetics.

**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES****9.1 DETAIL INFORMATION**

Physical state:	PHYSICAL STATE: Solid. APPEARANCE: Fine Black powder.
Color:	Black
Odor:	None or slight plastic odor
Odor threshold:	N/A
Boiling point:	N/A
Melting point:	N/A
Flash point:	N/A
Explosion limits:	N/A
Relative density:	1.0-1.5
Auto-ignition temperature:	N/A

**9.2 OTHER INFORMATION**

SOLUBILITY: Negligible in water. Partially soluble in some organic solvents such as toluene and tetrahydrofuran.

**10. CHEMICAL STABILITY AND REACTIVITY****10.1 Reactivity:**

**Reactivity Hazards:** None

**Data on Mixture Substances:** None

**10.2 Chemical Stability:** The product is stable. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**10.3 Hazardous Polymerization:** Stable under conditions of normal use.

**10.4 Conditions to Avoid:** Keep away from heat, flame, sparks and other ignition sources.

**10.5 Incompatible Materials:** Strong oxidizing materials

**10.6 Hazardous Decomposition:** Will not occur.

**11. INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECT**

<b>Mixtures:</b>	N/A
<b>Acute Toxicity:</b>	Oral: No test data available. Inhalation: No test data available. Dermal: No test data available.
<b>Skin Corrosion/Irritation:</b>	No test data available.
<b>Serious Eye Damage:</b>	No test data available.
<b>Inhalation:</b>	No test data available. None of the substances in this mixture is classified as a respiratory sensitizer.
<b>Sensitization:</b>	No test data available.
<b>Mutagenicity:</b>	Ames test (Salmonella typhimurium, Escherichia coli) negative. (a similar product)
<b>Carcinogenicity:</b>	No test data available. Carbon black is listed by IARC as a group 2B (possibly carcinogenic to humans), but IARC monographs vol. 65 and 93 state that there is inadequate evidence in humans for carcinogenicity of carbon black. Inhalation test of a toner for two years (Reference 1) and studies by Muhle et al. (Reference 2) showed no significant carcinogenicity. In addition IARC monograph vol. 93 states that no significant exposure to carbon black is thought to occur during the use of products in which carbon black is bound to other materials, such as rubber, printing ink or paint. Carbon black in this mixture is in a bound form. Titanium dioxide is listed by IARC as Group 2B (possibly carcinogenic to humans); however, inhalation tests of titanium dioxide by Muhle et al. (Reference 2) showed no significant carcinogenicity. Moreover, IARC monograph vol. 93 states that exposure levels are assumed to be lower in the user industries, with the possible exception of workers who handle large quantities of titanium dioxide. Titanium oxide in this mixture is within small quantity and mostly in a bound form. Therefore, no significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of the product.
<b>Reproductive Toxicity:</b>	No test data available. None of the substances in this mixture is classified for reproductive toxicity.
<b>STOT - Single Exposure:</b>	No test data available.
<b>STOT - Multiple Exposure:</b>	No test data available. Inhalation test of a toner for two years showed no significant carcinogenicity. (Reference 1) In rats chronic exposure to toner concentrations 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> and over lead to an accumulation of particles in the lung as well as to persistent inflammatory processes and slight to moderate fibrotic changes in the lungs of rats. In hamsters these effects were only observed at significantly higher concentrations (> 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ). The particle accumulation in the lung tissue of the experimental animals is attributed to a damage and overload of the lung clearance mechanisms and is called "lung overloading". This is not an effect specific to toner dust but is generally observed when high concentrations of other, slightly soluble dusts are inhaled. The lowest-observable-effect-level (LOEL) was 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> and the no-observable-effect-level (NOEL) was 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> in rats. The NOEL was greater than 6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> in hamsters. (Reference 2) Toner concentration under the normal use of this product is estimated less than 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
<b>Ingestion:</b>	N/A
<b>Hazard Class Information:</b>	N/A
<b>Mixture on Market Data:</b>	N/A
<b>Symptoms:</b>	N/A
<b>Delayed/Immediate Effects:</b>	No information on significant adverse effects.
<b>Test Data on Mixture:</b>	N/A
<b>Not Meeting Classification:</b>	N/A
<b>Routes of Exposure:</b>	N/A
<b>Interactive Effects:</b>	N/A
<b>Absence of Specific Data:</b>	N/A
<b>Mixture vs Substance Data:</b>	N/A

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 <b>Eco toxicity:</b>	No data available.
12.2 <b>Degradability:</b>	No data available.
12.3 <b>Bioaccumulation Potential:</b>	No data available.
12.4 <b>Mobility in Soil:</b>	No data available.
12.5 <b>PBT &amp; vPvB Assessment:</b>	N/A
12.6 <b>Other Adverse Effects:</b>	None known.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### Disposal Information:

Dispose of product in accordance with local authority regulations.  
Empty container retains product residue.

### Physical/Chemical Properties that affect Treatment:

Symbol: This product is not classified as dangerous

Risk Phrases: This product is not classified according to the federal, state and local environmental regulations.

### Waste Treatment Information:

If toner, do not shred toner cartridge, unless dust-explosion prevention measures are taken. Finely dispersed particles may form explosive mixtures in air. Dispose of in compliance with federal, state, and local regulations.

### Personal Protection Required:

N/A

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 <b>ID Number:</b>	Not Regulated
14.2 <b>Shipping Name:</b>	Not Regulated
14.3 <b>Hazard Class:</b>	Not Regulated
14.4 <b>Packing Group:</b>	Not Regulated
14.5 <b>Environmental Hazards:</b>	N/A
14.6 <b>User Precautions:</b>	N/A
14.7 <b>Bulk Transport:</b>	N/A

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 **Regulatory Information:** Not a regulated material under the United State DOT, IMDG, ADR, RID, or ICAO/IATA.

**EPA Regulatory Information:** N/A

**CERCLA Reportable Quantity:** (40 CFR 117, 302): Not applicable to this mixture.

15.2 **Superfund Information:**

**Hazard Categories:**

**Immediate:** N/A

**Delayed:** N/A

**Fire:** N/A

**Pressure:** N/A

**Reactivity:** N/A

**Section 302 - Extremely Hazardous:** N/A

**Section 311 - Hazardous:** N/A

15.3 **State Regulations:** This product is in compliance with the regulation as all ingredients are bound within the mixture.

15.4 **Other Regulatory Information:** This mixture complies with the requirements of the RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU and its amendment directives. Please refer to any other Federal/state/local measures that may be relevant.

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**General Comments:** This information is based on our current knowledge. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing specific properties of the products as described or their suitability for a particular application

**Creation Date of this SDS:** 07/21/2020



**Key to Abbreviations and Acronyms used in this sheet:**

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
CERCLA = Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act	OSHA = Occupational Health and Safety Administration
CLP = Classification, Labeling, and Packaging	PEL = Permissible Exposure Limit
DSD = Dangerous Substances Directive	SCBA = Self Contained Breathing Apparatus
EPA = Environmental Protection Agency	STOT = Specific Target Organ Toxicity
GHS = Globally Harmonized System	TLV = Threshold Limit Value
N/A = Not Applicable	UK = United Kingdom
NFPA = National Fire Protection Association	UN = United Nations

**Ref:**

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